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PLACAT: A user-friendly question answering system for smart speaker devices

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Chatterbots vs. smart assistants

- Chat[ter]bots
 - good interaction, well-formed replies | no useful task or knowledge
- Smart assistants
 - task-oriented [search / buy / navigate/ call] | fail when off-task

• Can we combine the advantages of both approaches?

PLACAT project: a platform for designing conversational agents for accessing text-based knowledge (HES-SO P2)



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Chatterbot sample from www.cleverbot.com

Cleverbot: Hi. What is your name?

User: Bob.

Cleverbot: Hello bob I'm Sal.

User: Hi Sal, do you like Star Wars?

Cleverbot: J love it.

User: What is your favorite character?

Cleverbot: I don't really have one.

User: Who are Ray's parents?

Cleverbot: Why do you want to know huh?

User: I cannot wait for the last episode.

Cleverbot: Remind me what it's called again.

User: The 8th one is The Last Jedi.

Cleverbot: Harry Potter and the deathly hallows.

User: No no no.

Cleverbot: Then what are you trying to tell me?

User: About Star Wars.

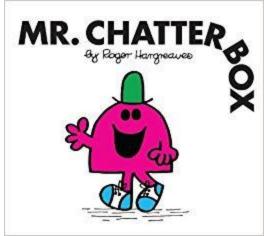
Cleverbot: Cool. I havent seen rogue one yet.

• Why do people build chatterbots ?

> Pass the Turing test

- > Win the Loebner prize
- Simulate a therapist
- Provide a conversation partner, e.g. for language learning

Assessment of this chatterbot



- [©] Positive first impressions
- © Replies in good English, quite related to the conversation
- ③ Some knowledge of the *Star Wars* domain
- ⊗ No in-depth knowledge
- ⁽²⁾ Canned replies for difficult situations, not related to the conversation

Smart assistants

- On smartphones or smart speakers
 - Google : Home + Assistant
 - Amazon : Echo + Alexa
 - Apple : HomePod + Siri
 - Microsoft: Echo + Cortana

Tailored to user-specific tasks related to their makers' main business: find, sell, talk





Assessment of a smart assistant: Google Assistant on Google Home

③ Great speech recognition capacities

③ Ability to perform common tasks: weather forecast, play music, find restaurant

Pre-defined answers to typical chit-chat

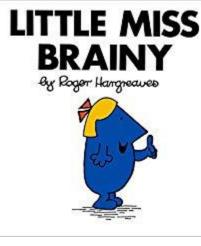
© Reliance on the Google search engine

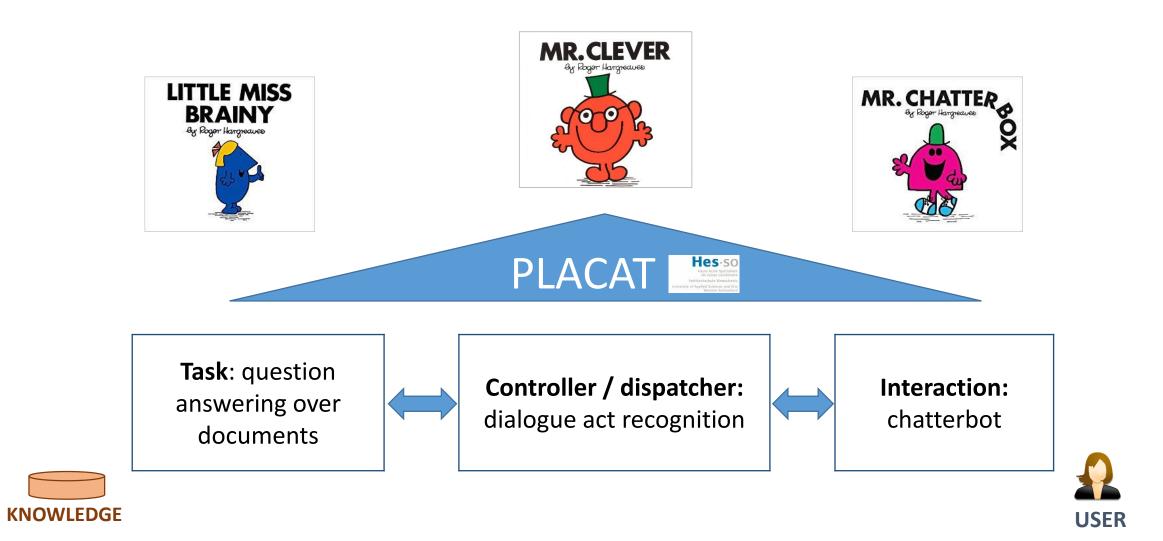
③ exact answers to some requests for information (from knowledge graph)

- $\textcircled{\odot}$ excerpts of web pages in other cases
- \odot web pages are often not natural answers to questions

⊗ No more than one turn for small talk

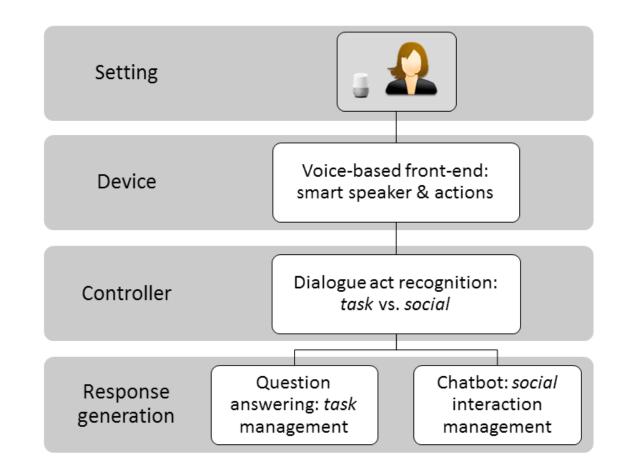
☺ "Continuous conversation": limited memory for several turns





Main idea: combine chatterbots and knowledge-based question answering

- Platform for designing conversational agents
 - 1. user-friendly: start/end, politeness, small talk
 - 2. task-enabled: here, question answering on Wikipedia
 - 3. integration with smart speakers (Google Home initially)
 - 4. third-party + own code



Voice-based front-end: smart speaker

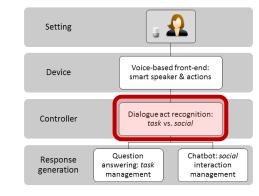
- Google Home smart speaker allows user-created actions*
- PLACAT action created on https://console.actions.google.com/
- Action connects to DialogFlow*
 - forwards the user's transcribed utterance to our server
 - receives the reply from our server
 - sends the words to the speaker for speech synthesis

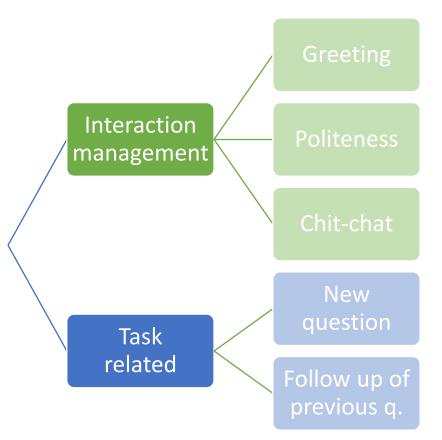
* So does Amazon Echo with 'skills'

* DialogFlow (was API.AI, similar to WIT.AI) enables the creation of simple dialogue models and the use of NLP tools to detect intentions

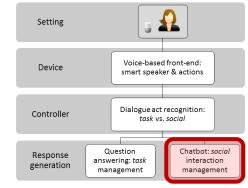
Controller: utterance dispatcher

- Not a good idea to use knowledge to answer questions like *How are you?* or *Are you a robot?*
- Dispatch interaction management utterances (chit-chat, greetings) to a chatbot, and task-related utterances (informative questions) to a QA system
- Trained a dialogue act recognizer on labeled data from the chatbot and from the QA system
 - currently: binary decision (but could be refined)
 - Logistic Regression classifier trained on 25k utterances:
 50% chitchat and 50% questions → 90% accuracy

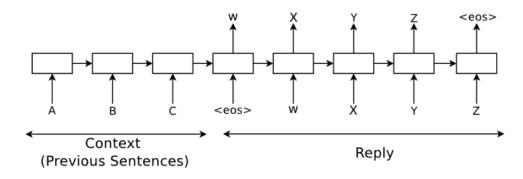




Chatbot



- Deal with chit-chat, politeness, greetings, & off-task questions
 - relevance of replies may vary, but they tend to be socially acceptable
- Sequence-to-sequence neural model (Vinyals and Le, 2015)
 - RNN with LSTM implemented in PyTorch <u>https://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/chatbot_tutorial.html</u>
 - trained over 500M words from a movie dialogue corpus (OpenSubtitles EN) <u>https://opus.nlpl.eu/OpenSubtitles-v2018.php</u>



Question Answering system

- Task = information access
 - now: information from English Wikipedia
 - can be adapted to a given field / company
- Components of our system
 - ElasticSearch: find relevant paragraphs from Wikipedia based on the question as a query
 - BERT: extract exact answers from paragraphs
 - Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers (Devlin et al., 2018), BERT-base <u>https://github.com/google-research/bert</u>
 - trained on SQuAD 2.0 (Rajpurkar et al., 2018) <u>https://rajpurkar.github.io/SQuAD-explorer/</u>
 - 100k questions based on 500 WP paragraphs
 + 50k unanswerable questions

- Challenge: will ElasticSearch find the right paragraph for BERT?
- Design options that we optimized
 - question: filter out stopwords or keep all words
 - ElasticSearch: on full text, on opening, on titles
 - search results: keep <u>1-best</u> or 5-best
 - answer extraction with BERT: from the <u>opening</u> <u>text</u> of the page, or from the entire page

*

Voice-based front-end:

smart speaker & actions

Dialogue act recognition:

task vs. social

Question

answering: task

management

Chatbot: social

interaction

management

Setting

Device

Controller

Response

generation

Evaluation of the QA system

- SQuAD 2.0 questions were made to evaluate <u>answer extraction</u>
 - given a paragraph, workers have targeted more or less central facts
 - 1 question out of 3 is unanswerable (i.e. the correct answer is "I don't know")
 - best scores on hidden test set : 87% | our BERT-base scores on devset: 72.5%
- For PLACAT, we evaluate paragraph retrieval + answer extraction \rightarrow 48%
 - © correct on most unanswerable questions

incorrect on many answerable ones, often because ElasticSearch fails to find the right paragraph: when a question targets a minor fact, the right paragraph is hard to retrieve

		Search	Search on	Search on
		on titles	openings	full texts
BERT on	1 st a.	47.8	46.1	46.1
openings	5 a.	42.5	38.6	39.6
BERT on	1 st a.	45.1	41.4	40.4
full texts	5 a.	39.1	30.2	27.9

Iater: retrieve many paragraphs + merge answers

Perspectives [followed by a demo]

- Our intentions for the PLACAT platform
 - user-friendly chatbots giving access to corporate information
 - often available as large document sets and/or websites
 - evaluation methods tailored to domain and documents
- Alternative use of PLACAT
 - design a chatterbot with rich general knowledge
 - Amazon Alexa Prize: long general-purpose conversations

Demo : using PLACAT on Google Home



Talk to Agent Placat Alright. Getting the test version of Agent Placat.Welcome ! Ask me anything ! What is bitcoin? It is a decentralized digital currency • without a central bank or single administrator What is a digital currency? a money balance recorded electronically on a stored-value card or other devices Who is the creator of bitcoin? • Satoshi Nakamoto Thank you, bye ------• Goodbye, come back any time!